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> PUBLISHED BY Akhtari Publications Azaadville South Africa





⊗ IMPORTANT DETAILS **⊗**

NAME OF THE THE IMPORTANCE AND LECTURE: SIGNIFICANCE OF

DUROOD SHAREEF

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First Edition Jamadiul Ukhra 1423 A.H. August 2002 A.D.

SECOND EDITION: Rabiul Awwal 1429 A.H. April 2008 A.D.

COPIES: 1000

Published by

Akhtari Publications

Azaadville, South Africa

Also Avalable from: Ashraful Madaris

Khaanqah Imdadiyah Ashrafiyyah

Gulshan Iqbal, Block-2

Karachi, Pakistan





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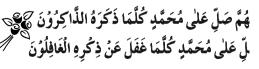
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و ﴿ اَللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وُعَلَى الِ مُحَمَّدٍ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ وَكُولِ كَمَا تُحِبُّ وَتَرُضٰي لَهُ

















صَلُوةِ تُتُجِيْنَا

هُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى سَيّدِنَا وَ مَوُلَانَا مُحَمَّدٍ وَّعَلَى سَيّدِنَاوَ مَوُلَانَا مُحَمَّدٍ صَلَوْةً تُنجيناً بِهَا مِنُ يُع الْاَهُوَالِ وَالْاَفَاتِ وَتَقْضِي لَنَا بِهَا جَمِيعً صَاجَاتِ وَتُعَلِّهِ رُنَا بِهَامِنُ جَمِيْعِ السَّيِّئَاتِ رُفَعُنَا بِهَا عِنْدَكَ أَعُلَى الدَّرَجَاتِ وَتُبَلِّغُنَا أَقُصَى الْغَايَاتِ مِنُ جَمِيع الْخَيرَاتِ فِي يُوةِ وَبَعُدَ الْمَمَاتِ إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ

ٱللَّهُمَّ صَلَّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّعَلَى ال مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا تُحِبُّ وَتَرُضٰى لَهُ

هُمَّ صَلَّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ كُلَّمَا ذَكَرَهُ الذَّاكِرُونَ لِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ كُلَّمَا غَفَلَ عَنُ ذِكُرِهِ الْغَافِلُونَ





المالح الما

مُدُ لِلَّهِ وَكَفَى وَسَلامٌ عَلَى عِبَادِهِ الَّذِينَ اصْطَفَى، لَا لِلَّهِ منشى الخلق من عدم ثم الصلاة على المختار عدم مولاي صل وسلم دائما ابداعلى حبيبك على ن خير الخلق كلهم، يارب صل وسلم دائما ابدا مير النذير محمداً مولاى صل وسلم دائما ابدا المرسلين، بلغ سلامى روضة فيها النبى المحترم، يا دفن بالقاع اعظمه، فطاب من طيبهن القاع والاكم، لغدا لقبر انت ساكنه، فيه العفاف وفيه الجودوالكرم، لقد قاراً الله تكاك وتعالى

﴿إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَمَلَئِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ اللَّهُ وَمَلَئِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلِّمُو تَسُلِيُمًا ﴾ ﴿ وَرَفَعْنَا لَكَ ذِكْرَكَ ﴾ ﴿ وَرَفَعْنَا لَكَ ذِكْرَكَ ﴾ لَوُلُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ ﴾ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ ﴾

ONE SUNNAH

، ظلمة الليل الى المساجد اتاه الله نورا يوم القيامة

NABI (مَاللهُ عليه اللهُ has said:

"He who attends the Masjid in a dark night, Allah will grant him a complete Noor and light on the Day of Qiyamah." *

Narrated by Ibn Shaibah, Tabraani and Baihagi





Difficult times (for example, dark, rainy and cold nights) are the occasions for us to light our lamps for the day of *Qiyamah*. When on a dark night some light is received, everyone feels comfortable. At times the light comes and it goes off again, and sometimes the voltage is low and we have a very dim light, then too we feel awkward. On the day of *Qiyamah* a time will come when there will be complete darkness, no one will have any light. Then the *Mu'minin* will receive their lights. So if a person wants his bright lights on the day of *Qiyamah*, the easy way is that when such occasions come, and the *Nafs* also desires to remain in the comfort of the home, he should make the effort of going to the *Masjid*. This is a great *Sunnah*. So when such occasions come we should try to make a particular effort to attend the *Masjid*.

If we look at it from another aspect, on a night like that, everyone feels that he should not attend the Masjid. This will result on the *Masjid* being left empty. An example of this is the like of a king who had commanded that his pond should be filled with milk. One person thought to himself that everyone else would give their milk so why should I waste my milk? I will pour a litre of water. What difference will it make? Who would know that I gave water instead of milk? But unfortunately everyone thought the same way, that the rest of the people will give milk so why should I waste my milk? In the morning the king woke up to find that the pond was filled with water again. So in a similar way, we all think that we will not attend the *Masiid* on such an occasion. which leaves the *Masiid* empty on that night. And on a night like that, we cannot imagine the pleasure of Allah (سباناوتعالی) with those few servants who attended the Masjid. In normal circumstances, everyone is present, and the presence of everyone is not as greatly appreciated, as the presence of those few who attend when no one else comes.



So Allah (سيفريعاني) promises great rewards on those occasions, particularly when it is dark, rainy and severe winds blowing, and we do not feel like going to the Masjid. So we should make it a point at that time to switch on our lights, and to purchase our light vouchers of the Akhirah. These occasions are rare and these are the times when the Mukhlisein (the sincere ones) are tested as to whether they will attend the Masjid or not. May Allah (سيفريعاني) grant everyone the Taufeeq to practice, AMEEN.

A GREAT IBADAH BLESSED TO THIS UMMAH

One very great Ibadah that Allah (سيفارتعالي) has blessed this Ummah with, which is an enjoyable and pleasurable Ibadah. is the recitation of *Durood Shareef* and sending *Salawaat* upon NABI (مَاللَّهُ السَّالِيَّةِ). There are many types of Ibadah. For example one person who is a laborer, has to fulfill many chores like digging holes etc. on cold days. Another person works in an air-conditioned office in comfort and has light and easy tasks to fulfill, yet he takes a huge salary. Similarly, there are two paths of Deen. The one path is that which consists of lots of Mujahadah (striving and effort) and the other is to work a little but receive great rewards in return. One of the types of the latter path is the recitation of Durood Shareef. This is such an Ibadah that can be done in the total comfort of ones home. A person should let the meter of his Durood Shareef run in the comfort of his home and thereby become the Mugarrib (close servant) of Allah (سينخاوتعالي). Amongst the closest servants to Allah (سياوتعالى) are those who recite Durood **Shareef** in abundance, and why should it not be so when Allah (سیخاوتعالی) Himself has made mention of the honorable and lofty status of NABI (مَالله الله الله الله) in the Qur'aan Shareef in the following words:



وَرَفَعُنَا لَكَ ذِكُرَكَ

"We have raised you (Nabi مَالِلُمُولِيكُ to a most noble and honorable position."

When Allah (ميناوية) has raised the position of NABI (مألئويهائي), which eye can even perceive that position? Which level of mind and intelligence can even imagine what is the position of NABI (مالله والمالية)?

إِذَا ذُكِرُتُ ذُكِرُتَ مَعِي

"Whenever I (Allah) will be remembered, you (Nabi مثلاث will be remembered with Me".1

Narrated by Syuti in *Durrul Manthur*. The narration as we have found it in Durral Manthur and Mukhtasar *Tafseer* Ibn Kathir is as follows:

"Abu Sa id Khudri narrates that Rasulullah ("Jibril came to me and asked: "Verily your Lord has asked: "Do you know how I have elevated your remembrance?"

I reblied: "Allah knows best."

He said: "Whenever I am remembered, you are remembered with Me."

(Durrul Manthur/ Mukhtasar Tafseer Ibn Kathir- with some variations the words of Mukhtasar Tafseer Ibn Kathir)



A LESSONS ON THE IMPORTANCE OF RESPECT

An important point we learn from the above-mentioned *Hadith* is that respect is of utmost importance. We should not just open our mouths in the presence of elders, learned people, pious people etc. As children in the presence of our parents, as students in the presence of our teachers we should exercise great respect. We should try not to always be ready to pass a comment on everything. We should let the elders speak and we should listen instead. The *Sahabah* () have taught us respect,, and respect is such a great thing that,

باادب بانصيب

"One who has respect will achieve something",

A person who has respect will have a great share from Allah (سبنگاوتعالی). He will become very blessed and honorable in the eyes of Allah (سبنگاوتعالی).

Experience has taught us that those students who were not very intelligent, neither were they very hard working, but they had respect in them, Allah made them shine and they went very far in life. As for those who had lots of knowledge, who worked hard and had outward *Taqwa* also, but even if once they back chatted at the *Ustath*, or a child who back chatted at his parent,

بے اوب بے نصیب

"One who is disrespectful will achieve nothing".

Such a person will be lost. He will attain nothing inspite of having everything outwardly.





Commonly the *Ulama* mention the famous saying of;

but added to this *Dr. Sahir Sahib* (رجة الله عليه) makes mention of a third category also, and that is:

"One with evil character will receive an evil share."

A person who has some respect will achieve a proportionate amount of good. The second category is of the one who has no respect. He will achieve nothing. But there is the 3rd degree, and that is of having evil manners and character. Such a person's share will also be very evil. So respect is of vital importance. We should try to learn respect. Hazrat Moulana Shah Masihullah Sahib (ريحة الشرابع) used to say:

التصوف الادب كله

"Tasawwuf is entirely a lesson of respect".

A person should have respect in every field. One should respect a simple thing like his pen also. The respect of the pen is that it should be used for its purpose. The car should also be respected. The respect of the car is that it should not be loaded with things that it is not meant for. It should not be driven with such speed that would cause harm to it. One should also respect his wife, his children, his job, and his money also, which is a gift and blessing from Allah ("Money should be used correctly, it should not be abused.")

This is what *Tasawwuf* really is, that in every aspect of our lives we inculcate respect, and we all know that everyone loves anyone who has respect. An old man who respects children the way they are supposed to be respected, he treats them the way they are supposed to be treated, he will be loved by them. A young boy who has respect will also be loved. A woman with



respect will be beloved to her husband, to her mother, to her family, to her inlaws and to everyone. But a person who lacks respect will be lost, everyone will detest him and nobody will wish to associate with such a person. People will keep a distance from such a person. One should have respect in the way he speaks, in the way he walks and in the way he uses every limb of his body. This is a very important aspect in *Deen*. The whole of *Deen* cannot be learnt at once. We should spend time in the company of the pious and we will learn it gradually.

So the *Sahabah* (رئی الثریّن) are the *Ustads*. They have done the **P.H.D.** in *Deen*. In fact **P.H.D.** is nothing also. This was just a brief explanation and lesson of respect, and what respect actually is.

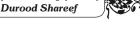
RESPECT OF THE SAHABAH (رضى الله عنهم) FOR RASULULLAH (صالله على السياسية)

Another aspect that we learn is, that many people feel that *Tasawwuf* is hero- worship and *Shirk*. They also pass remarks that, "When your *Peer* or your *Buzrug* comes you go so madly behind him. You run after him and you want to pick up his shoes etc." Such people who have this conception of *Tasawwuf* do not possess an iota of the idea of how the *Sahabah* ("שׁוֹשׁבּׁשׁ") used to make the *Khidmah* arid serve *NABI*. If we had to see them we would be ashamed that we have done nothing. What they did for their *Shaikh*, for Allah's Nabi ("שׁנְּשׁבְּשׁבּׁשׁשׁבְּׁשׁ), we cannot imagine.

At the same time these very people who pass such comments and remarks, when their soccer team losses also, they give them a hero's welcome. They find no problem with that. That is understandable to them, even though their team has lost! But here if you show respect to a person who is guiding you to the path of Jannah, that becomes Shirk and hero-worship! So the Sahabah ("ion") are the masters of respect. They have taught us what respect is.







ATTACHMENT OF RASULULLAH (WE) WITH ALLAH (

When Sayyidina Adam (אשנים) descended to the world, he wept for 40 years (in repentance for having partaken of the prohibited fruit). After 40 years he took the name of MUHAMMAD (אשנים) and said: "O Allah, I ask You through the Sadaqah and blessings of the name of MUHAMMAD (אשנים) to forgive me and to overlook my error." Upon this Allah (אשנים) granted him forgiveness immediately. Then Allah (אשנים) asked him: "O Adam, who is MUHAMMAD? How do you know MUHAMMAD when I have not created him yet?" Sayyidina Adam (אשנים) replied: "O Allah, when I made Sajdah to You in Jannah, I saw the Kalimah written on Your Arsh (throne) and I thought to myself that there cannot be anybody greater than the person whose name is attached to Your name. Therefore I knew that he is the closest to You."

The explanation of this is that the Kalimah is as follow:

لَا إِلَّهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مُحَمَّدُ رَسُولُ اللَّه

The last word of the first part of the *Kalimah* is مُعَمَّدُ , and the first word of the second part of the *Kalimah* is so in this way Allah (سيافاوسالي) has attached the name of His beloved **Nabi Muhammad** (مَا الْمَالِيَّةُ عَلَيْكُ) to His name.

A person's *Imaan* cannot be complete without believing in Muhammad (שَلْمُوْلُونُ). He may recite אַ וְעֹבְּוֹלְעִי for his entire life but this will not be sufficient to enter him into *Jannah*, until he does not attach אַבּאַבֿרָ שُولُ الله with it.

1 Narrated by Tabrani in Mu'jamus Sagh'ir, by Hakim, Abu Nu'aim, Ibn Asakir and Baihaqi in Dala'il. See Durrul Manthur of Suyuti. When a child is born, the Azaan and Iqamah have to be delivered in his ears. We have אוֹנ עִּינוֹל עִינוֹל וְעָּוֹל in both, the Azaan and the Iqamah, but it will be incomplete until if is not mentioned

In Salaah, a person begins with the Thana (praises of Allah), in Surah Fatihah he is praising Allah (ربيان), in Ruku and Sujood he is praising Allah (ربيان), but until in Attahiyat he does not recite his Salaah will be incomplete. Until he does not recite;

مَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحمَّدٍ وَعَلَى الِ مُحمَّدٍ كَمَا صَلَّيْتَ اِبُرَاهِيْمَ وَعَلَى الِ اِبُرَاهِيْمَ اِنَّكَ حَمِيْدٌ مَّجِيدٌ تُّ مَّ بَارِكُ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَعَلَى الِ مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا بَارَكُتَ لَى اِبُرَاهِيُمَ وَعَلَى الِ اِبْرَهِيْمَ اِنَّكَ حَمِيْدٌ مَّجِيدُةً ثَ

his Salaah will not be complete.

So everywhere with the name of Allah (سبالاتعالى), we will find Durood Shareef. And Durood Shareef is so simple and easy that every person can make it a habit to be continuously in the recitation of Durood Shareef,

STATUS AND POSITION OF NABI ()

The *Ulama* have mentioned that every saint and friend of Allah (سبخاوتعالی) whom Allah (سبخاوتعالی) had granted the ability to compose poetry had undoubtedly composed poems in the love of NABI (صبخاوتعالی) and in the love of *Madinatul Munawwarah*, but the simplest and the greatest poem is the following one:

بعداز خداتوً بى بزر گاست قصه مخضر

"In brief, after the exalted position of Allah (سياني الى), you (O Muhammad ميالديات) are the greatest."





Amongst all the creation put together, be it human or Jinn or any other creation of Allah (سَالُوْمَالُيُّّ), NABI (سَالُوْمَالُيُّّهُ). We do not believe NABI (سَالُوْمَالُيُّهُ) to be Allah, as the Christians do with regard to Sayyidina Isa (اسْلُوْمَالُيُّهُ), but yes, after Allah (سَالُوْمِالُيُّهُ), NABI MUHAMMAD (سَالُوْمِالُيُّهُ) holds the greatest position.

Everyone acknowledges the lofty position of the Ka'bah Shareef. The greatness of it is unimaginable. But leave alone the body and personality of NABI (﴿وَالْمُعَالِينَ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ الللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ

How great is not the *Arsh* of Allah (مبيني وتعالى), but the sand that is touching the body of NABI (مراكة الله) is far greater than the *Arsh* of Allah (مينيا وتعالى).

As it is said that if one puts some saffron in front of a donkey, where will that donkey appreciate it? So where will we appreciate our NABI (مَالْمُولِينَّةُ) when we do not even have an iota of the idea of whom our NABI (مَالْمُولِينَّةُ) it is?

For the vast majority of the *Ummah*, Muhammad (instance) is just a name, but who is this personality? What is his honorable position? If we come to know who RASUL (instance) is, we will not have to learn and be told the virtues of *Durood Shareef*. Our moments will not pass without *Durood Shareef* on our tongues. We will be so immersed in the love of NABI (instance) that we will not be reciting the *Durood Shareef* as a duty but it will be a pleasure to recite it. It will be dearer to us than our food and sweeter than our sleep, but that will be when we learn who our NABI (instance) is.



WHAT IS THE POSITION OF NABI () IN THE EYES OF THE PRESENT DAY UMMATI?

How sad it is that today unfortunately we are in such a time where we will imitate and we will collect cards of the soccer stars. This is a source of pride for us. Our children will go mad for such things.

A student told his *Ustad* in the classroom about a certain player who had scored a goal and that he had played, in so many matches etc. The *Ustad* expressed his ignorance with regard to the name of the player even. The student commented: "O *Ustad*, you do not know the name even! In which world are you living?" Then he spoke of another soccer player but the *Ustad* was unaware of him also. Then the *Ustath* asked him: "Do you know who is Abu Thar Ghifari (رَبْنَ اللّٰمِورَ)?" The student was dumb founded!

Today, not only with worldly things but things that are useless, things that are Haraam and sin we are well-acquainted. But when it comes to our Deen, we are totally lost. We do not know how many wives NABI (Albi had, what were their names, what were the names of the children of NABI (We may know the names of the Khulafa-e-Rashidin, but who will know the names of the Asharah Mubasharah?

We claim to be great lovers of NABI (مَالِسُولِيُّهُ) but do we even know the other names of NABI (مَالْسُولِيُّهُ)?

THE NAMES OF RASULULLAH ()

We know NABI (as MUHAMMAD or AHMAD, but he has many other names too. Once I was in Madinah Munawwarah and it was after the Asr Salah. I was sitting in a particular place where I normally sit to recite Durood Shareef, from where the





green dome is visible. A pious person came, and he had a habit of distributing sweets to the workers in the *Haram*. He wanted to drink *Zam Zam* from a can but when he opened, there was no water. So Allah (ميناويتاني) gave me the *Taufeeq*. I took some *Zam Zam* and gave it to him. He was surprised because he did not see from where I came. He said:



"From where did you fall out?"

Anyway I presented the water to him. and he became very happy and he blessed me with *Du'as*. He started conversing with me. In the conversation he asked me as to how many names NABI (Julius) had? At that time I remembered that some *Qur'aan Shareefs* have the 99 names of Allah printed in the front cover and the 99 names of NABI (Julius) in the back cover. I replied; "99 names." He said: "Here in the front wall of *Masjidun Nabawi*, 360 names of NABI (Julius) are written."

DUROOD SHAREEF IN THE LIGHT OF A QUR'ANIC VERSE

Allah (سبانی says in the Qur'aan:

إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلَئِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ

"Undoubtedly Allah and all His angels are sending salutations upon the Nabi...."

The word مَعْارِعُ according to Arabic grammar is a مِعْارِعُ word, which denotes the present and future tense. This means that

presently and continuously in the future Allah (مينځاوتعالی) and all His angels are and will he sending *Salawaat* upon **N**ABI (مياً المعاوسة)

So, we find that there are two partners in this great business of sending Salawaat upon NABI (المنافعة). The two partners are Allah (المنافعة) and His angels. This is such a business that is extremely profitable. It is a well-established business that only sees profits, and such great profits that are unimaginable. There is no question of loss in it. Now the major partner in the business is offering us also to become a partner in the business. Allah (اسنافوتاناف) says:

يَّا يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوا صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ وَسَلِّمُو تَسُلِيْمًا *

"O you who believe send your Salawaat upon Nabi (مَالِسُولِيةُ)it and greet him with the Islamic way of greeting."

(Surah Ahzaab; Ayah 56)

Allah (ميلية وتعالى) is offering all the Mu'minin to join in this partnership.

If someone approaches us to join in the partnership of a good running business, the partners of which are also great people, who will even think twice about it? We will not even consult anyone or take anyone's advice regarding it. We will accept it immediately. So this is a well-established business of sending Durood Shareef upon NABI (a), and this is such a business that will continue till the day of Qiyamah. There is a market for it all the time. There is no question of dropping of demand or supply in this business. And Allah (a) has offered each believer individually a share in this business.

Let us now see what is our reaction towards this offer of Allah (سبافاوتعالی) and how many of us are going to accept a share in





this business. It is our A'maal and actions mat will count. Let us ask ourselves how much of Durood Shareef are we reciting daily? The days of Jumuah are coming and going, and this is a day in which we should increase Durood Shareef, let us ask ourselves how much of Durood Shareef are we sending upon NABI (Author)?

DUROOD SHAREEF IN THE LIGHT OF A HADITH

In a Hadith it is mentioned:

"A miser is he who, when my name is mentioned in his presence, does not send salutations upon me."

(Narrated by Tirmizi Shareef)

An example of a miser

A miserly old man used to go daily to the *Masjid* for *Salah*. But when he used to leave for the *Esha Salah*, he used to put out the lantern in the house in order to save the paraffin.

One night he hurriedly left for *Esha* forgetting to put out the lantern, He remembered when he was halfway to the *Masjid* already. He was quite disappointed about the loss that he was to incur that day because of the extra paraffin that would get used, and the extra wick that would get used, So he turned back and came home. He knocked on the door and told his wife: Do not open the door, I just came to remind you to put out the lantern." She replied: "Do not worry, I am in your marriage for many years now, I am trained already and I realized that you forgot about it so I put it out when you left. But you tell me, that the extra walking that you had to do to come and tell me to put the lantern out, the sole of your shoe wore out extra today, what about that?" He said: "No, my sole did not wear out because at the point where I had to turn back, I removed

my shoes and put them under my arm. I will only put my shoes on when I reach that point again." Then she asked: "Why did you tell me not to open the door?" He said: "I did not want the hinge to get used extra unnecessarily."

This was an example of a miser, who we may laugh at, but more miserly than him is the one who hears the name of NABI (مَالِمُ الْمُعَالِينَةُ) but does not recite *Durood* upon him.

What great difficulties did NABI (المالات) it not go through to ensure that the *Deen* reaches us and every person till the day of *Qiyamah*? Today *Alhamdulillah* generally we are saved from alcohol, from drugs and many other filthy habits. This is solely because of the *Barakah* of NABI (المالات). And if we inculcate more of the love of NABI (المالات) we will be saved from many more things as well, and it will become easy to follow NABI (المالات)? also.

Therefore, it will be very unfair on the part of the *Ummati* of **N**ABI (مَالِسُونِيكُ) not to recite *Durood Shareef*, at least when we hear the name of **N**ABI (مَالِسُونِيكُ).

If we have not been reciting *Durood Shareef*, and if we have not been in the habit of it until now, we should sincerely repent and ask ourselves that how could we be so ungrateful not to recite *Durood Shareef*?

Am I more debased than the Fly-sucker?

There is a famous proverb in Urdu, which is "Makhi Chus", which means a "Fly- sucker." This proverb came about when a person was eating some soup. A fly came and fell into the dish. Somehow the fly managed to get out of the soup and started flying again, but the person caught the fly. He began sucking the flying and saying: "You can fly away but you will not be allowed to go with my soup."

How miserly is not such a person? But by the oath of Allah (سبناوتعالی), more miserly than him is the person, who does not recite *Durood Shareef*,

GUARANTEE OF ACCEPTANCE OF DUROOD SHAREEF

Sayyidina Umar said: "A person's Du'a is suspended between the heavens and the earth for as long as he does not recite Salawaat upon NABI ("Albumum")."

When tears are shed in Du'a, it is a receipt from Allah (سببارتعالی) to affirm that ones Du'a has been accepted. But recitation of $Durood\ Shareef$ is like an audited receipt and a stronger receipt to affirm acceptance of the Du'a. Even if ones heart did not soften, even if one tear was not shed in that Du'a, recitation of $Durood\ Shareef$ guarantees acceptance of that Du'a.

It is not in the capacity of every person to shed tears each time he makes *Du'a*, but recitation of *Durood Shareef* is in the means of any and every person.

So we should make it a practice to recite *Durood Shareef* in the beginning of our *Du'a*, in the middle and at the end as well.

Similarly, our A'maal are such that they could be accepted in the court of Allah (سيناويعالي) or rejected, but Durood Shareef



is such an *Amal*, the acceptance of which is hundred percent accepted. The *Ulama* have mentioned:

اَلصَّلَوٰةُ عَلَى النَّبَى مُسْتَجَابُ قَطُعًا

"Salawat upon Nabi (امالله الله) is most definitely accepted."

Even if a person recites *Durood Shareef* for name and fame, but it is so blessed that Allah (Land All

BENEFITS OF RECITING DUROOD SHAREEF

Moulana Abdul Ghani Phoolpuri (رية الله عليه) has explained the benefits of Durood Shareef in a very beautiful way. He says that when a person recites Durood Shareef, he is hitting two targets with one stone. Firstly he is making the Zikr of Allah (سينية), and secondly he is making the Zikr of NABI

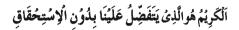
Another benefit is that when one recites *Durood Shareef*, he is placing himself between two *Kareems* (two noble beings). The one *Kareem* is Allah (سيفُونعالي) and the other is Rasulullah (سيفُونعالي).

WHO IS 'AL KAREEM?' (The First Meaning)

Our Shaikh Hadhrat Moulana Shah Hakim Muhammad Akhtar Sahib (وامت کاتم) explains the word Kareem from Mulla Ali Qari (وه الله عليه) in the following way:



Kareem is one of the qualities of Allah (سينافونمائي). The explanation of it is as follows:



"That Being Who showers His mercy upon us without us being worthy of it."

It is as if a person applies for a job but has no qualifications, yet his application is accepted.

Laughable but thought provoking...

An example of this is like a particular person who was tired of living in the villages and decided to migrate to the city to find a suitable job there. He thought to himself that being a stranger, people might be reluctant in hosting him, so he decided to take some food with him. He took a live chicken and marched off to the city.

When he reached the city, he was advised to go to the employment agency. As he reached the doors of the modernly designed structure, he found that the doors opened for him automatically. This stunned him. He thought to himself: "Have I left the village to come to a city or have I come to Jannah?"

Anyway, he entered the building and as he looked ahead of him, he saw the secretary seated in her chair, all dolled up with make- up etc. He never remembered seeing a woman like this in his life, out in the farms. He was almost convinced by now that he was in *Jannah* and that he had just seen a *Hoor* (damsel) of *Jannah*. She asked him: "Can I help you?" He replied: "Yes, I have come for a job." She asked him to take a seat. As he sat, he sunk into the well-padded soft couch. Now he was convinced that he had reached *Jannah*!



After some time the boss entered and began interviewing him. He asked: "Het jy metric deur gekom?" (Have you passed metric and came?) He replied: "Nee, ek het Johannesburg deur gekom." (No, I passed Johannesburg and came). Then the boss commented: "Ek sien jy het a baie mooi hoender daar, vat vra jy for horn?" (I see you have a lovely chicken in your hand, what (price) are you asking for it?) He replied: "Ek vra hom nix nie, jy kan hom vra vat jy wil." (I am not asking it anything, you can ask it whatever you want).

The interview was over and he got the job. His wage was Two thousand rands per month for the first six months. After six months the company promised to give him an increase of another Two thousand rands. This person replied: "No problem, I will come after six months then."

After six months he came back for his job. He got a job as a bus driver and he was given his route, Monday morning was the first of the month, and he had to-transport passengers to work. People were eager to get back to work and they were waiting for the bus to pick them up. As they were standing at the bus stop, they watched the bus approaching them. They started picking up their bags and walking towards the bus, but to their utter amazement the bus sped off pass them. The driver approached the second stop but here too he drove right pass. People tried flagging and waving him down but as he approached each stop he drove even faster. Finally he reached the last point of his route. He took a U-turn and was about to drive back to the starting point, but the inspectors who were watching him pulled him off. They asked him what this was all about. He said: "For one year when I was out of iob, nobody even wanted to know me or cared about me. Now that I have a job, and I am driving a big bus, everyone is waving at me and they want a lift with me."



Unbelievable beneficence of Allah

We are even worst than this person but Allah (سيناويعالى) keeps us on a job. Not only this, but as our *Shaikh* explains that Allah (اسيناويعالى) says: "Do not work but receive the best salary." Now what does this mean? What work should we not do? We should not commit any sin. This will result in us becoming *Muttaqi* (God-fearing people).

إِتَّقُّ اللَّهَ تَكُنُ اَعُبُدُ النَّاسِ

"Inculcate Taqwa and you will be making the most Ibadah amongst all people."

One should abstain from committing sins. He who does not commit sins will receive the highest wages. That is how *Kareem* Allah (سيناوتعالی) is.

The Second Meaning

The second meaning of Kareem is:

ٱلَّذِي يَتَفَضِّلُ عَلَيْنَا بِلُونِ سُوَّالٍ وَالْمِنَّةِ

"That Being Who grants us without us asking or praising Him."

Today, we desire to do favours for people but we wait for them to ask us. We think that till he does not ask, why should we help him? We wait for him to come forward to us, and then we wait for him to praise us before we can render our help. On the other hand Allah (سيفاوتعالى) has brought us into existence without us even asking Him. Allah (سيفاوتعالى) has granted us a great commodity like our eyes without us begging Him. Allah (سيفاوتعالى) granted us our children, our homes, our families, our cars, all these bounties without even asking. Then, did we ask Allah (سيفاوتعالى) to grant us Imaan, A'mal, Akhlaq etc? These are the bounties of Allah (سيفاوتعالى), which He can snatch away when He pleases. These are not our birth-rights or our





capital that we have earned, Allah (سبگاوتعالی) has granted them, to us free of charge and he has the right to take it away.

The Third Meaning

"Kareem is that Being Who showers His mercy upon us over and above our desires,"

Allah (תאלינטולט) is that Being Who grants us much more than we can ever hope or imagine. If we work for Allah (תאלינטולט) in the Dunya. for approximately sixty or seventy years, Allah (תאלינטולט) in return will grant us Jannah forever and ever. And what a Jannah that will be? Who can ever imagine that Jannah? Jannah will be such a place, which will be totally clean and pure. In the Dunya, a person may have the best meal and enjoy his favourite dish but after that he will have to go to the toilet to relief himself of that food. In Jannah there is no question of a toilet. Such a pure Jannah Allah (תאלינטולט) has prepared for us.

The Fourth Meaning

The fourth meaning of Kareem is:

"Kareem is that Being Who showers His blessings upon us and He has no fear of anything diminishing from His treasures."

Many times a person wishes to give something to a beggar, but he fears that when he gives one, many others will also come and surround him. On the other hand, Allah (ميناورساني) has no fear of this kind at all. that if one person is blessed, many others may also ask to be blessed, or if a certain person's desire is fulfilled, he may ask for more.



In the time of NABI (رض الشَّرَيْم) the poorer Sahabah (رض الشَّرَيْم) by used to gain rewards and the pleasure of Allah (שׁבּוֹשׁבּישׁ) by Zikrullah. The rich Sahabah were informed about this, that without wealth too a person can reach Allah (سَيْفُولُولُولُ) a very short time, and that is by Zikrullah. So they also started making excessive Zikrullah and thereby began receiving the rewards of Allah (سَيْفُولُولُولُ).

So, by Allah (سين العالي) there is no shortage, that the rich people should only spend wealth and get the rewards and the poorer class should only make *Zikrullah* and receive the same. Each person can make as much *Ibadah* as he pleases and Allah (سين العالي) will reward everyone, without anything diminishing from His treasures.

If Allah (سيخان) grants the entire world their desires and a million times more even, Allah's treasures do not diminish to the extent of a single drop of water compared to the ocean. If a drop of water is removed from the ocean, what difference will it make to the ocean? But Allah's treasures do not diminish even to that amount!

So when a person, recites *Durood Shareef*, he is placing himself between such a *Kareem* on the one side, and another *Kareem* (NABI) on the other side.

Let us picture that scene when on the day of *Qiyamah* NABI (שׁלְשׁלְּשׁׁה) will wake up from Masjidun Nabawi, with *Hazrat Isa* standing next to him. On the right side will be *Sayyidina Abu Bakr Siddiq* (מָשׁׁלְשׁׁה) and on die left, *Sayyidina Umar* (מִשׁׁלְשׁׁהַיּׁב). What a blessed sight that will be! May Allah (מִשׁׁלְשׁׁהַיּב) grant us that sight. But when, we recite *Durood Shareef* upon Nabi (מִשְׁלְשׁׁלְשׁׁלִּשׁׁה) we are placing ourselves between the two greatest *Kareems*, Allah (מִשְׁלְּשׁׁהַלְּשׁׁרֹשׁ) on the one side and Nabi (מִשְׁלִּשׁׁרִשׁׁה) on the other!

Many times when some pious people come to our locality, we feel so honoured just to touch their hand, or just to stand next to them in *Salah*. If we can spend a few minutes alone with them, what an honour we regard it for ourselves, and undoubtedly it is a great honour. But each one of us can be in the company of Allah (سيالية) and His Rasul (ميالية) simply by reciting *Durood Shareef*.

WHICH DUROOD SHAREEF TO RECITE?

The shortest *Durood* that RASULULLAH (himself has taught is as follows:

Then we have many other Duroods that we can recite, such as:

Similarly one can recite the **40** *Duroods* daily. One great *A'alim* has further selected **100** *Duroods* from the *Ahadith*, which we can make it a practice to recite daily.

Let us set a time and bind ourselves to it that daily we will recite ten *Durood Shareef*s. Ten is a very minimal figure but for a start it is sufficient. Then let us increase it slowly to twenty-five, fifty, and try to reach a hundred. Let us try to make this a daily practice in the mornings and in the evenings.

Another important thing to remember is that we should not start with a huge amount that we cannot manage, then give it





up completely. Let us rather start with an amount that is easily manageable, and then increase it.

This is so simple that it is in the capacity of each person to do this. And this is the path through which one can reach the closeness of Allah (سيافوتعالى) very quickly. May Allah (سيافوتعالى) grant us the Taufeeq to practice.

A VALUABLE DUROOD FOR THE DAY OF JUMU'AH

This special *Durood* for the day of *Jumu'ah* has such great rewards, which our minds cannot even conceive, and it takes nothing more than three seconds to recite it. The *Durood* is:

اَللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِهِ اَلْفَ اَلْفَ مَرَّةٍ

"O Allah, send salutations upon Nabi (مَالِلُهُ عَلِيْكُ) and upon his family a thousand, thousand times."

A thousand \times a thousand is a million

In three seconds every person, whether healthy or an invalid, old or young, an old Muslim or a new-comer into Islam, everyone can become millionaires.

We are advised to recite the above mentioned *Durood Shareef* a thousand times on the day of *Jumu'ah*. This will take approximately half an hour.

A thousand \times a million is a billion

So if a person recites this *Durood Shareef* a thousand times on *Jumu'ah*, he can become a real billionaire in half an hour.

To make a hundred rands in this *Dunya*. is an effort. To become a millionaire of the *Dunya* is a major job, and those millions



that are accumulated are also unreal because at the time of death not a cent wul go with. When the real balance sheet comes out in the grave, not a penny from the *Dunya's* millions will be there. Yes, the *Durood Shareef* that you recited in three seconds only will be there. The daily *Tilawah* of the *Qur'an Shareef* will be there. The *Salah*, the *Akhlaq* and all the good deeds will be there

ANOTHER SPECIAL DUROOD FOR IUMU'AH

Another very great *Durood* that we are taught for the day of *Jumu'ah* is:

ٱللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدِهِ النَّبِيِّ ٱلْاُمِّيِّ وَعَلَى آلِهِ وَسَلِّمُ تَسُلِيُمًا

ALLAHUMMA SALLI ALAA MUHAMMADIN NABIYYIL UMMI YI WA ALAA AALIHI WA SALLIM TASLEEMA

This *Durood* should be recited eighty times after the *Asr Salah* on Friday before getting up from ones place or before speaking to anyone. This only takes approximately four minutes.

The benefit of this *Durood* is, that the reward of eighty years of *Ibadah* is credited to one's account, eighty years of one's sins are forgiven, and he is elevated by eighty stages in *Jannah*.

How many of us know whether we will live up to eighty years to make that much of *Ibadah*? Yet we can accumulate that amount of reward on every *Jumu'ah*. Similarly, we may not even live very long to commit so many sins, yet we can have sins equivalent to eighty years forgiven on every *Jumu'ah*.





The Importance and Significance of





DUROOD SHARFFF IN SPARE TIME

A person wrote to Shaikhul Hadith Hazrat Moulana Muhammad Zakariya Sahib (رثية الأرعابي) saying: "When I complete my Wazifahs, my Ma'mulat and my Tilawah etc. many times I still have some time

What should I do in that time?" Hazrat replied: "Recite Durood Shareef in that time." So we should try and keep our tongues moist with Durood Shareef.

HOW TO RECITE **DUROOD SHAREEF?**

It is preferred that we sit with concentration and recite Durood Shareef, but even if it is recited whilst engaged in our work, it will earn us great rewards.

We should recite Durood Shareef with complete love for Rasulullah (مَاللهُ وَاللُّهُ), not as a duty or not even for the sake of the rewards.

DU'A

May Allah grant everyone the Taufeeg to recite Durood Shareef regularly with great love, enthusiasm and feeling, and may Allah (سيافاوتعالي) grant us steadfastness upon this and may He accept it from each one of us,

Ameen.

